Images of a vascular ring with a right aortic arch and Kommerell diverticulum obtained by three-dimensional CT

A 73-year-old man was referred for evaluation of ischaemic heart disease. During the evaluation a chest x-ray examination showed a right aortic arch (RAA) (figure 1). Three-dimensional CT showed a RAA with the Kommerell diverticulum (KD), from which arose an aberrant left subclavian artery (LSA) (figure 2A). The RAA separated branches arising in the following order: left common carotid artery, right common carotid artery, right subclavian artery (RSA) and aberrant LSA. Three-dimensional CT from the left posterior (figure 2B) and cephalic (figure 2C) view with resected branches clearly illustrated that the trachea was caught by the encircled space called the vascular ring, which comprised the KD and the RAA with residual ligamentum arteriosum to the descending aorta.

A KD was first described by Kommerell¹ in 1936 as a rare congenital aneurysm of the origin of the aberrant subclavian artery. Development of KD with RSA occurs in 0.5–1.0% of the population, whereas RAA with LSA is extremely rare, occurring in 0.05–0.1% of the population.² A cause of KD is an embryological abnormal regression of the primitive fourth aortic arch and ventral aortic root. Aneurysm of the KD may cause serious complications, including dissection and rupture. Three-dimensional



Figure 1 Chest radiograph from a posteroanterior view showing the abnormal shape of the aorta.

CT is an important tool for the diagnosis and evaluation of complex vascular anomalies, and facilitates comprehension of anatomy by providing viewpoints in multiple orientations.

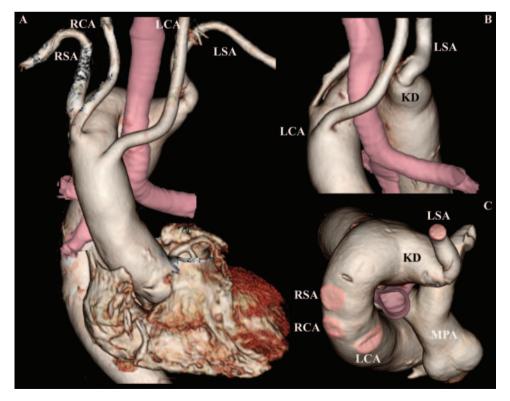


Figure 2 Three-dimensional reconstruction of CT image showing the right-sided aortic arch with aberrant left subclavian artery originating from a Kommerell diverticulum from (A) a front view; (B) a left posterior view. (C) Cephalic view with retro-oesophageal LSA. LCA, RCA, left, right carotid artery; LSA, RSA, left, right subclavian artery; MPA, main pulmonary artery.

110 Heart Asia 2012

Images in cardiovascular medicine

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Heart Asia 2012 111